

Algebra II A
CHAPTER 6 PRACTICE TEST

NAME _____

Simplify the following:

1. $5^{16} \cdot 5^{-2}$?

2. $x^{-8} \cdot x^8$?

3. $\frac{12a^7}{4a^3}$?

4. $(x^5)^8$?

5. x^{-6} ?

6. Simplify: $(2a^4)(-6a^3)$

7. Simplify: $(2p^3a)^4$

8. Simplify: $(3x^2y^3)^3$

9. Factor: $(x^2 - 12x + 20)$

10. Factor: $(2x^2 + 5x - 3)$...**box method!**

11. Factor: $(x^2 - 25)$

12. Factor: $(x^3 - 3x^2 + 6x - 18)$...**Grouping!**

13. Factor: $(x^3 - 8)$...**Diff. of Cubes!**

14. What is the degree of the polynomial $h(x) = -3x^3 - 8x^2 + 5$?

15. What type of polynomial is $h(x) = -3x^3 - 8x^2 + 5$?

A. Quartic

B. Linear

C. Quadratic

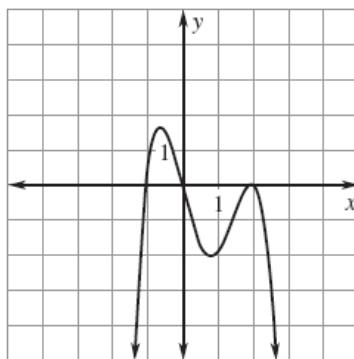
D. Cubic

16. Name the type of turning points and there location.

Type _____ Location _____

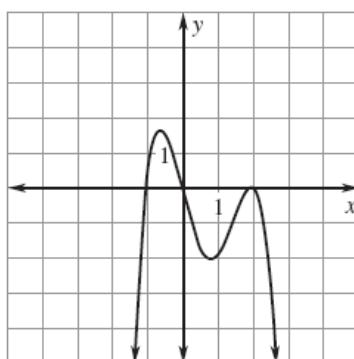
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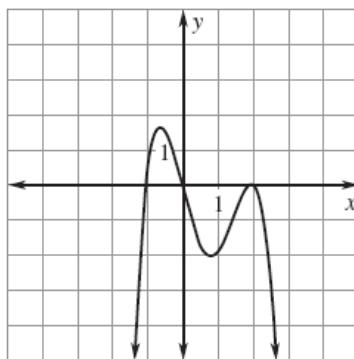


17.

List the Roots _____



18. Describe the end behavior:



Right Side Behavior

As $x \rightarrow \infty$, $y \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Left Side Behavior

As $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $y \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

19. Subtract the polynomials.

$$2(x^3 - 3x + 1) - 3(2x^2 + 4x - 6)$$

20. Multiply the polynomials.

$$(3x + 2)(4x - 7)$$

21. Multiply the polynomials.

$$(x - 5)(2x^2 - x + 4)$$

22. Divide the polynomials by long division.

$$(x^2 + 3x - 10) \div (x - 2)$$

23. Divide the polynomials by Synthetic division.

$$(2x^2 + 9x + 10) \div (x + 4)$$

24. Solve the following by Factoring:

$$x^4 - 10x^2 + 16 = 0$$